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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/620,711	07/16/2003	Weiling Peng	129843.1071 (H.063A)	9592
60148 7590 01/30/2009 GARDERE / JHIF GARDERE WYNNE SEWELL, LLP			EXAMINER	
			GILBERT, WILLIAM V	
1601 ELM STREET SUITE 3000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DALLAS, TX 75201			3635	
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# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/620 711 PENG WEILING Office Action Summary Fxaminer Art Unit William V. Gilbert 3635 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133), Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 December 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 9-14 and 18-79 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 9-14 and 23-70 is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 18-22,71-79 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to: 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/12/08

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_\_.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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### DETAILED ACTION

This is a final Office action. Claims 1-8, 15-17 are cancelled. Claims 9-14, 23-70 are withdrawn from consideration. Claims 18-22 and 71-79 are pending and examined.

### Information Disclosure Statement

 The Information Disclosure Statement provided 12 December 2008, is noted by the examiner. Due to the voluminous nature of the statement, however (including 25 pages with approximately 35-40 citations per page), the statement was provided with only a cursory review.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for

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establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 18-22 and 71-77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Weiss (U.S. Patent No. 6,949,160) in view of Youssi (U.S. Patent No. 3,358,355)

Claim 18: Weiss discloses a plurality of fiber cement products (Col. 3, lines 39-42) arranged in a stack (Abstract: lines 3-7) comprising a non-adhesive finish layer (Fig. 1: 16, it is paint), applied to the product and a protective layer (22) adhered to the finished layer, the protective layer protects the finish layer from damage in storage, removing the protective layer leaves no residue on the finish (Col. 10, lines 8-15), and the layer resists tearing on removal (it is inherent that the coating resists tearing on removal; Col. 13, lines 40-50). Weiss does not disclose that the protective layer has a separate adhesive layer. Youssi discloses a panel (10) with a removable layer (19) that has a multi layer comprising an adhesive layer (see Col. 3, lines 40-75 where the film is heat bonded to the

panel. The heat would form the adhesive layer from the material and the exterior surface of the film would form a second layer. See also Col. 3, lines 65-70 where strippable adhesives may also be used.) Further, the layer does not damage the finish layer (Col. 3, lines 65, 66) and resists tearing on removal (Col. 3, lines 74, 75.) It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use the covering in Youssi with the panel in Weiss because the coverings are functionally equivalent and would perform equally as well with each other.

Claim 19: while Weiss in view of Youssi discloses that the products are stacked (Fol. 3, line 40), it does not disclose that the products are arranged on a pallet. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to stack the products on a pallet because it is well known in the art to stack such products on pallets to ease in transportation and storage.

Claims 20 and 21: Weiss in view of Youssi discloses the claimed invention except for the orientation of the stacked products. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to stack the materials in the manner in the claims because since a

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protective coating is on the material, the aesthetic surface will not suffer damage from placing a product on top of it.

Claim 22: the products are banded together (Weiss: Col. 3, lines 42-44).

Claim 71: Weiss discloses a pre-finished fiber cement product comprising a fiber cement article (Col. 3, lines 39-42) that has a non-adhesive finish layer (Fig. 1: 16, it is paint) applied to the product and a film adhered to the finished layer, the film is selectively removable (Col. 13, lines 40-50), and no residue is left on the panel (Col. 1, lines 8-15). Weiss does not disclose that the adhesive layer is adhered to the finish layer by a separate adhesive layer. Youssi discloses a panel (10) with a removable layer (19) that has a multi layer comprising an adhesive layer (see Col. 3, lines 40-75 where the film is heat bonded to the panel. The heat would form the adhesive layer from the material and the exterior surface of the film would form a second layer. See also Col. 3, lines 65-70 where strippable adhesives may also be used.) Further, the layer does not damage the finish layer (Col. 3, lines 65, 66.) It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use the covering in Youssi with the panel in Weiss because the coverings are

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functionally equivalent and would perform equally as well with each other.

Claim 72: the film is polyethylene, which is a copolymer.

Claim 73: while the prior art of record does not disclose specifically that the adhesive is ethylene acrylic acid, the prior art does disclose that adhesives can be used (Youssi: Col. 3, lines 65-75.) It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have the adhesive as ethylene acrylic acid as a matter of functional equivalence that would perform equally as well as applicant notes that these resins are known in the art (Specification page 7, paragraph 0036), and Youssi discloses that other materials may be used as the protective film.

Claims 74-76: the film is a polyethylene (Youssi: Col. 3, lines 45-50 which is a polymer,) and the disclosure notes that heat treatment is used to bond the film to the outer layer of the panel, which would result in the polyethylene to have a resinous texture.

Claims 77-79: while Weiss discloses the limitations as claimed for the thickness of the protective layer, Youssi is silent regarding this limitation. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art as a matter of design choice to have the

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dimensions as claimed because applicant failed to state a criticality for the necessity of the limitation and the prior art of record is capable of being designed to meet the limitation as claimed. See MPEP 2144.04(IV)(A) citing Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338 (Fed. Cir. 1984), the Federal Circuit held that, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device.

### Response to Arguments

The following addresses applicant's remarks/arguments dated
 December 2008:

## Claim objection:

Applicant's amendment to claim 21 overcomes the objection and it is withdrawn

# Claim rejection:

Applicant's argument with respect to the claims is respectfully not persuasive. Applicant states in his arguments

that claim 18 "explicitly recites a multilayer protective film having a separate adhesive layer" (emphasis added; page 16, paragraph 2 of remarks). The examiner respectfully disagrees. Claim 18 states "a multilayer comprising an adhesive layer" (emphasis added; line 5). The examiner states that this limitation is not the same as "a separate adhesive layer". The limitation "comprising" is interpreted as "including" or "containing" (M.P.E.P. §2111.03). The examiner interpreted the limitation, as written, as though the adhesive is a portion of the multilayer and "comprises" a portion of the multilayer as claimed.

In addition, the examiner is unclear as to applicant's arguments that Youssi does not teach a strippable adhesive as part of the protective film. Again, the examiner maintains that the adhesive forms one of the layers to further define "a multilayer". The examiner maintains (as stated above) that this layer is part of the multilayer, even if added as a "separate layer" as argued by applicant. Last, regarding the examiner's not explaining the effects of "heat bonding" with respect to the references, Weiss states how the film is "compressed and cooled" (emphasis added; col. 22, lines 15-30). This does imply a degree of heating occurred in the application of the film to the material.

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### Conclusion

4. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William V. Gilbert whose telephone number is 571.272.9055. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 08:00 to 17:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Chilcot can be reached on 571.272.6777. The fax phone number for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/W. V. G./ Examiner, Art Unit 3635 /Basil Katcheves/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3635